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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/761,981	01/17/2001	David K. Swanson	15916-282	5761
75	90 01/07/2003			
Attn: Craig A. Slavin, Esq. Henricks, Slavin & Holmes LLP Suite 200			EXAMINER	
			VRETTAKOS, PETER J	
840 Apollo Street El Segundo, CA 90245			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		3739	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•				A			
<u> </u>		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/761,981	SWANSON, D	SWANSON, DAVID K.			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Peter J Vrettako	s 3739				
Period 1	Th MAILING DATE of this communior Reply	nication appears on the cove	r sheet with the correspondenc	e address			
THE - Ext afte - If the - If N - Fai - Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN ensions of time may be available under the provisions or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commune period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3 O period for reply is specified above, the maximum solure to reply within the set or extended period for reply or reply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, how munication. 30) days, a reply within the statutory mitatutory period will apply and will expire y will, by statute, cause the application to	ever, may a reply be timely filed nimum of thirty (30) days will be considered SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of to to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133)	this communication.			
1)区	Responsive to communication(s) fi	iled on <u>18 December 2002</u> .					
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL .	2b) This action is non-f	înal.				
3) 🗌 Disposi	Since this application is in conditio closed in accordance with the praction of Claims			to the merits is			
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are pending in the a	application.					
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are rejected.						
7)[7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or election require	ement.				
Applica	tion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.	-				
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on <u>18 April 2001</u>	<u>1</u> is/are: a) \boxtimes accepted or b)	objected to by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any ob		•				
11)[_	The proposed drawing correction file			aminer.			
40)	If approved, corrected drawings are re	•	ction.				
,	The oath or declaration is objected to	o by the Examiner.					
_	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
а) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
*		national Bureau (PCT Rule		onal Stage			
14)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for domestic priority under 3	35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisi	onal application).			
	a) The translation of the foreign la Acknowledgment is made of a claim	nguage provisional applicat	ion has been received.				
Attachme	•	•	-				
2) Not	ice of References Cited (PTO-892) ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) F						
S Datest and	Trademark Office						

Art Unit: 3739

DETAILED ACTION

The instant office action is **non-final** as new art is presented below.

The applicant is requested to disclose cases with similar claimed subject matter to that found in the instant application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over La Fontaine et al. ('267) in view of Goble et al. ('134).

Concerning independent claim 1 and dependent claim 4, LaFontaine et al. (LaFontaine) discloses a surgical probe (see figures 4 and 5) comprising a shaft (14), an electrode (38 or 89), and a tissue cooling apparatus (78) including an outer member (82), a continuous fluid transmission space (illustrated by arrows, 114), an inlet (26), and an outlet (96).

LaFontaine, however, does not disclose a plurality of electrodes on a single embodiment.

Art Unit: 3739

Goble et al. (Goble) discloses an analogous surgical probe or treatment device with a plurality of electrodes (fig. 3-6, 8; elements 24,26,106).

Concerning claim 2, LaFontaine discloses a relatively short shaft (14).

Concerning claim 3, LaFontaine discloses a portion (36) of the shaft that is malleable / pliable. Note column 7 lines 41-47.

Concerning claims 5 and 6, the LaFontaine tissue cooling apparatus (78) comprises a microporous structure (80), Surlyn or Latex as disclosed in column 14 lines 61-63.

Concerning claims 7 and 8, the LaFontaine fluid transmission space defines a substantially constant cross-sectional area between the inlet and the outlet as strongly deduced from figure 5. In other words, all along the shaft (excluding the distal tip (82)) the cross sectional of the fluid transmission space is constant. Moreover, as the fluid transmission space in figure 5 along the shaft envelops the wire lumen (30), it is obvious that the space's cross-sectional area is annularly shaped.

Therefore, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to modify

LaFontaine in view of Goble by including as a design expedient a plurality of electrodes.

The motivation would be to afford individual or independent control to the surgeon of each electrode as posited in Goble column 2:23-27.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over La

Fontaine et al. ('267) in view of Goble et al. and further in view of Panescu et al. ('267).

Art Unit: 3739

LaFontaine and Goble, which have been described above, neglect to disclose a fluid supply line supported on the exterior of the shaft.

Panescu et al. discloses a surgical probe analogous to LaFontaine and Goble comprising a malleable shaft (22, fig.2a), an electrode (16), a tissue cooling apparatus (60, fig.3a), and fluid supply line (64) supported on the exterior of the shaft. Further, for future reference note that Panescu et al. discloses an outlet lumen (76) in figure 6.

Therefore at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify LaFontaine in view of Goble and further in view of Panescu by including an external fluid supply line in order to cool the periphery of the electrode as disclosed in Panescu column 6 lines 42-44.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1 is provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claim 20 of copending Application No. 09/652,099. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, as follows: both claims include a shaft, energy transmission devices, and tissue cooling apparatuses with inlets and outlets.

Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant would be prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application in the other copending application. See *In re Schneller*, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-9 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Peter J Vrettakos whose telephone number is 703 605 0215. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9-6.

Application/Control Number: 09/761,981

Art Unit: 3739

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Linda C Dvorak can be reached on 703 308 0994. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703 746 7013 for regular communications and 703 746 7013 for After Final communications.

Page 6

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308 0858.

Pete Vrettakos January 2, 2003

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